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Singularities of Intertwining Operators and Decompositions of Principal Series Representations

We show that, under certain assumptions, a parabolic induction $\operatorname{Ind}_B^G \lambda$ from the Borel subgroup *B* of a (real or *p*-adic) reductive group *G* decomposes into a direct sum of the form:

$$\operatorname{Ind}_{B}^{G} \lambda = \left(\operatorname{Ind}_{P}^{G} \operatorname{St}_{M} \otimes \chi_{0}\right) \oplus \left(\operatorname{Ind}_{P}^{G} \mathbf{1}_{M} \otimes \chi_{0}\right),$$

where P is a parabolic subgroup of G with Levi subgroup M of semi-simple rank 1, $\mathbf{1}_M$ is the trivial representation of M, St_M is the Steinberg representation of M and χ_0 is a certain character of M. We construct examples of this phenomenon for all simply-connected simple groups of rank at least 2.

Keywords: Representation theory, Lie groups, p-adic groups, principle series, intertwining operators.

MSC: 22E50, 47G10, 22E46.