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Sur les champs de vecteurs invariants sur l'espace tangent d'un espace symétrique réductif

Let G be a real reductive and connected Lie group and σ an involution of G . Let H denote the identity component of the group of fixed points of σ , \mathfrak{g} the Lie algebra of G and \mathfrak{q} the -1 eigenspace of σ in \mathfrak{g} . The group H acts naturally on \mathfrak{q} via the adjoint representation. Let $C^\infty(\mathfrak{q})^H$ denote the algebra of H -invariant smooth functions on \mathfrak{q} , and $\mathfrak{X}(\mathfrak{q})^H$ the space of H -invariant smooth vector fields on \mathfrak{q} . Any vector field $X \in \mathfrak{X}(\mathfrak{q})^H$ defines naturally a derivation D_X of the algebra $C^\infty(\mathfrak{q})^H$. We prove that the image of the map $X \mapsto D_X$ is the set of derivations of the algebra $C^\infty(\mathfrak{q})^H$ preserving the ideal $\Phi C^\infty(\mathfrak{q})^H$ of $C^\infty(\mathfrak{q})^H$, where Φ is a discriminant function on \mathfrak{q} .

Keywords: Lie Group, symmetric space, invariant vector field, Taylor expansion.

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