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S. Campos

CIEM-FaMAF, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba, Córdoba 5000, Argentina
silcampos@famaf.unc.edu.ar

L. Saal

CIEM-FaMAF, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba, Córdoba 5000, Argentina
saal@mate.uncor.edu.ar

The Spherical Transform Associated with the Generalized Gelfand Pair $(U(p, q), H_n)$, $p + q = n$

We denote by H_n the $2n + 1$ -dimensional Heisenberg group and study the spherical transform associated with the generalized Gelfand pair $(U(p, q) \times H_n, U(p, q))$, $p + q = n$, which is defined on the space of Schwartz functions on H_n , and we characterize its image. In order to do that, since the spectrum associated to this pair can be identified with a subset Σ of the plane, we introduce a space \mathcal{H}_n of functions defined on \mathbb{R}^2 and we prove that a function defined on Σ lies in the image if and only if it can be extended to a function in \mathcal{H}_n . In particular, the spherical transform of a Schwartz function f on H_n admits a Schwartz extension on the plane if and only if its restriction to the vertical axis lies in $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R})$.

Keywords: Heisenberg group, spherical transform.

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