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Some Transitive Linear Actions of Real Simple Lie Groups

In a recent paper of M. Moskowitz and R. Sacksteder [An extension of the Minkowski-Hlawka theorem, Mathematika 56 (2010) 203-216], essential use was made of the fact that in its natural linear action the real symplectic group, $\operatorname{Sp}(n,\mathbb{R})$, acts transitively on $\mathbb{R}^{2n} \setminus \{0\}$ (similarly for the theorem of Hlawka itself, $\operatorname{SL}(n,\mathbb{R})$ acts transitively on $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}$). This raises the natural question as to whether there are *proper connected* Lie subgroups of either of these groups which also act transitively on $\mathbb{R}^{2n} \setminus \{0\}$, (resp. $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}$). Here we determine all the minimal ones. These are $\operatorname{Sp}(n,\mathbb{R}) \subseteq \operatorname{SL}(2n,\mathbb{R})$ and $\operatorname{SL}(n,\mathbb{C}) \subseteq \operatorname{SL}(2n,\mathbb{R})$ acting on $\mathbb{R}^{2n} \setminus \{0\}$, they are $\operatorname{Sp}(2n,\mathbb{R}) \subseteq \operatorname{SL}(4n,\mathbb{R})$ and $\operatorname{SL}(n,\mathbb{H})(= \operatorname{SU}^*(2n)) \subseteq \operatorname{SL}(4n,\mathbb{R})$.

Keywords: Transitive linear action, reductive group, actions of compact groups on spheres, special linear and real symplectic groups.

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