© 2018 Heldermann Verlag Journal of Convex Analysis 25 (2018) 459–486

## R. Cibulka

NTIS - Dept. of Mathematics, Faculty of Applied Sciences, University of West Bohemia, Univerzitní 22, 306 14 Pilsen, Czech Republic cibi@kma.zcu.cz

### A. L. Dontchev

Mathematical Reviews, 416 Fourth Street, Ann Arbor, MI 48107-8604, U.S.A.  $\tt ald@ams.org$ 

## J. Preininger

Institute of Statistics and Mathematical Methods in Economics, University of Technology, Wiedner Hauptstrasse 8, 1040 Vienna, Austria jakob.preininger@tuwien.ac.at

#### T. Roubal

NTIS - Dept. of Mathematics, Faculty of Applied Sciences, University of West Bohemia, Univerzitní 22, 306 14 Pilsen, Czech Republic roubalt@students.zcu.cz

# V. Veliov

Institute of Statistics and Mathematical Methods in Economics, University of Technology, Wiedner Hauptstrasse 8, 1040 Vienna, Austria veliov@tuwien.ac.at

# Kantorovich-Type Theorems for Generalized Equations

We study convergence of the Newton method for solving generalized equations of the form  $f(x) + F(x) \ge 0$ , where f is a continuous but not necessarily smooth function and F is a set-valued mapping with closed graph, both acting in Banach spaces. We present a Kantorovich-type theorem concerning r-linear convergence for a general algorithmic strategy covering both nonsmooth and smooth cases. Under various conditions we obtain higher-order convergence. Examples and computational experiments illustrate the theoretical results.

**Keywords**: Newton's method, generalized equation, variational inequality, metric regularity, Kantorovich theorem, linear/superlinear/quadratic convergence.

MSC: 49J53, 49J40, 65J15, 90C30