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**On Approximately  $h$ -Convex Functions**

A real valued function  $f: D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined on an open convex subset  $D$  of a normed space  $X$  is called *rationally  $(h, d)$ -convex* if it satisfies

$$f(tx + (1-t)y) \leq h(t)f(x) + h(1-t)f(y) + d(x, y)$$

for all  $x, y \in D$  and  $t \in \mathbb{Q} \cap [0, 1]$ , where  $d: X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $h: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are given functions.

Our main result is of Bernstein-Doetsch type. Namely, we prove that if  $f$  is locally bounded from above at a point of  $D$  and rationally  $(h, d)$ -convex then it is continuous and  $(h, d)$ -convex.

**Keywords:** Convexity, approximate convexity,  $h$ -convexity,  $s$ -convexity, Bernstein-Doetsch theorem, regularity properties of generalized convex functions.

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