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## On Lambda-Convexity Conditions in the Theory of Lower Semicontinuous Functionals

Consider the functional  $I_f(u) = \int_{\Omega} f(u(x)) dx$ , where  $u = (u_1, \ldots, u_m)$ . Assume additionally that each  $u_j$  is constant along  $W_j$ , some subspace of  $\mathbf{R}^n$ . We find the family of cones  $\Lambda$  in  $\mathbf{R}^m$  such that every  $\Lambda$ -convex function f defines a functional  $I_f$  which is lower semicontinuous under the sequential weak \* convergence in  $L^{\infty}(\Omega, \mathbf{R}^m)$ . Then we apply our result to functionals acting on distributional kernels of differential operators. We also discuss the relations of our problem to the rank-one conjecture of Morrey.

Keywords: lower semicontinuity, quasiconvexity, Young measures

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